

Census fact sheet

Ipswich City Council

No. 1, November 2007

Based on local government boundaries effective March 2008

First release 2006 Census data

Most data from the 2006 Census will be released on a 'place of usual residence' basis – that is, according to where people normally live. For the 2001 Census most data was released on a 'place of enumeration' basis – that is, according to where people were on Census night. However, data on both bases are available from both Census years.



The figures in the table below illustrate the differences between these concepts, and the difference between these and the concept of 'estimated resident population'. For some locations, the number of persons counted at the Census is important because that figure includes visitors. For other areas, or for other purposes, the number of usual residents is a more appropriate measure. In all cases, the estimated resident population (which includes an allowance for persons not counted at the Census) is regarded as the 'official' population (see explanatory notes). Except where indicated, the population data in this fact sheet is based on the place of usual residence, while all dwellings data is based on place of enumeration.



Population summary

	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Total usual residents	69,185	69,693	138,878	61,396	61,445	122,841
Total persons counted at home on Census night(a)	66,449	67,532	133,981	58,973	59,596	118,569
Overseas visitors counted in area(a)	289	315	604	142	220	362
Total visitors counted in area(a)	2,326	2,163	4,489	1,580	2,341	3,921
Total persons counted in area(a)	68,775	69,695	138,470	60,553	61,937	122,490
Estimated resident population (30 June)	71,366	70,946	142,312	62,507	62,886	125,393

(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

- The median age in Ipswich City of 33 years was lower than the Queensland median. There is a larger proportion of the population aged under 15 and a smaller proportion aged over 65.
- Household income is about the same on average in Ipswich City, while the median mortgage payment is \$156 a month lower. The median rent is \$15 a week lower compared to Queensland in general.
- The proportion of the population with a severe or profound disability is 4.6% compared with the state average of 4.0%.

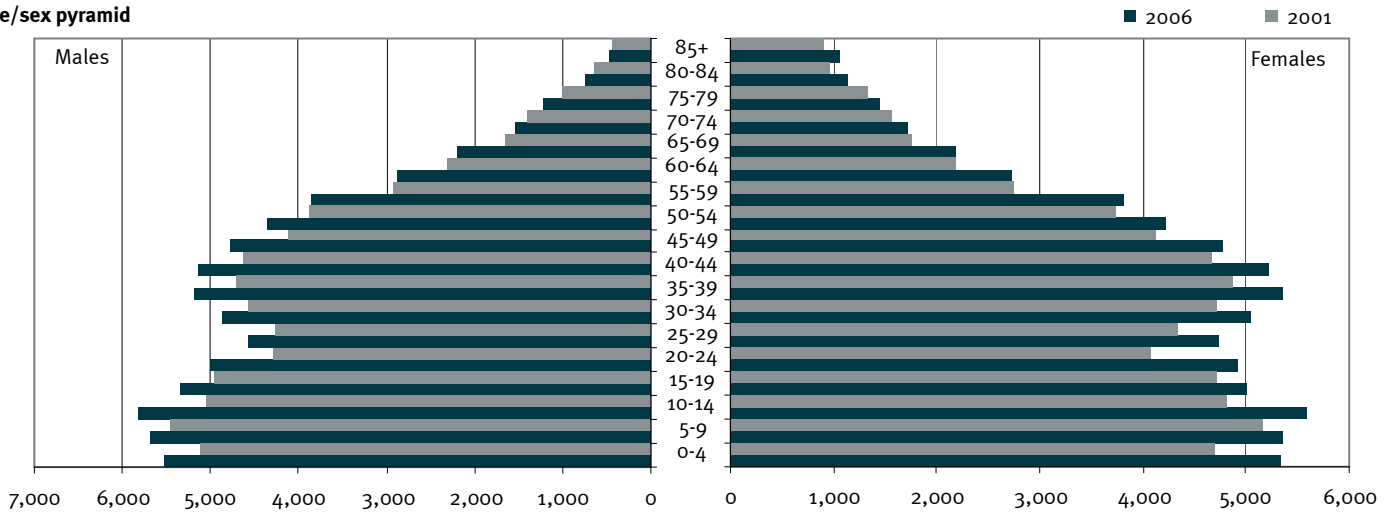
Comparisons to Queensland (2006)(a)

	LGA	QLD
Median age	33	36
% of population aged under 15	24.0%	20.7%
% of population aged 65 and over	9.9%	12.4%
% with profound or severe disability	4.6%	4.0%
Median income (weekly)(b)		
Individual income	\$469	\$476
Family income	\$1,122	\$1,154
Household income	\$1,024	\$1,033
Median housing loan repayment (monthly)(b)	\$1,144	\$1,300
Median rent (weekly)(b)	\$185	\$200
Average persons per bedroom	1.1	1.1
Average household size	2.8	2.6

(a) For detailed explanatory notes refer to Australian Bureau of Statistics, Basic Community Profile, Table 2.

(b) Median values derived by PIFU by assuming that persons falling in the median range are distributed equally across \$ values in that range.

Age/sex pyramid



Age group	2006				2001			
	Males	Females	Persons	%	Males	Females	Persons	%
0-14	17,035	16,283	33,318	24.0	15,628	14,691	30,319	24.7
15-24	10,348	9,915	20,263	14.6	9,234	8,806	18,040	14.7
25-34	9,444	9,783	19,227	13.8	8,826	9,063	17,889	14.6
35-44	10,331	10,590	20,921	15.1	9,348	9,546	18,894	15.4
45-54	9,142	9,010	18,152	13.1	7,991	7,872	15,863	12.9
55-64	6,720	6,554	13,274	9.6	5,233	4,934	10,167	8.3
65-74	3,734	3,902	7,636	5.5	3,077	3,336	6,413	5.2
75-84	1,963	2,590	4,553	3.3	1,627	2,288	3,915	3.2
85+	473	1,063	1,536	1.1	428	909	1,337	1.1
Total	69,190	69,690	138,880	100.0	61,392	61,445	122,837	100.0

Current education status	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Pre-school	1,279	1,111	2,390	1,165	991	2,156
Infants/primary – government	5,332	4,962	10,294	5,493	5,216	10,709
Infants/primary – non government	1,976	1,899	3,875	1,529	1,532	3,061
Infants/primary – total	8,587	7,972	16,559	8,187	7,739	15,926
Secondary – government	2,522	2,677	5,199	2,342	2,551	4,893
Secondary – non government	1,906	1,896	3,802	1,748	1,606	3,354
Secondary – total	4,428	4,573	9,001	4,090	4,157	8,247
Technical or further educational institution	1,208	1,561	2,769	1,356	1,563	2,919
University or other tertiary Institution	1,277	1,957	3,234	1,276	1,747	3,023
Other and not stated	6,229	5,743	11,972	3,349	2,947	6,296
Total attending	23,008	22,917	45,925	19,423	19,144	38,567

Population characteristics	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Birthplace – Australia	53,962	54,579	108,541	48,957	49,296	98,253
Birthplace – Elsewhere(a)	10,673	10,785	21,458	9,232	9,095	18,327
Language spoken at home – English only	60,617	61,476	122,093	54,762	55,012	109,774
Language spoken at home – Other language(b)	4,413	4,796	9,209	3,499	3,815	7,314
Indigenous persons	2,315	2,398	4,713	1,935	1,937	3,872
Australian citizens	60,050	61,192	121,242	54,967	55,556	110,523
Count of persons in occupied private dwellings(c)	66,871	68,343	135,214	59,403	60,317	119,720
Count of persons in other dwellings(c)(d)	1,616	1,026	2,642	1,150	1,619	2,769

(a) Includes responses that could not be coded to a specific country but excludes 'not stated'.

(b) Includes responses that could not be coded to a specific language but excludes 'not stated'.

(c) This data is based on place of enumeration.

(d) Includes persons counted in 'migratory, offshore and shipping' Collection Districts as well as those in non-private dwellings such as hotels and hospitals.

- Over the five years to 2006 the number of children aged 0-14 years increased by 2,999 (9.9%) but the proportion of these children in the population fell from 24.7% to 24.0%. The population aged 75 and over increased by 837 (15.9%) and grew from 4.3% of the population in 2001 to 4.4% in 2006.
- The number of persons attending an educational institution increased by 19.1% over the 2001-06 period.
- The proportion of secondary students attending non-government schools rose from 40.7% in 2001 to 42.2% in 2006 while for infant and primary students the proportion in government schools fell from 67.2% to 62.2% over the same period.
- The number of students at TAFE or university increased by 1.0%.
- In the five years to 2006 the proportion of persons in Ipswich City who were born in Australia declined from 84.3% to 83.5%. During this period the population who were Australian citizens increased by 10,719.
- In 2006 1.9% of persons were counted in non-private dwellings, compared with 2.3% in 2001.

Ipswich City Council

- From 2001 to 2006 the proportion of persons who had never been married increased from 31.9% to 34.3%.
- Married persons increased in number by 3,811, but as a share of total persons declined from 50.8% to 48.1%.
- The number who were separated or divorced increased by 21.0%.
- The number of persons living in a de facto relationship increased by 49.3% between 2001 and 2006 compared with an increase of 6.5% for those living in a registered marriage.
- Social marital status is generally assumed to more closely reflect current living arrangements than do figures for formal registered marital status.

Marital status (registered)	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Married (excl. de facto)	25,382	25,453	50,835	23,512	23,512	47,024
Separated	1,839	2,156	3,995	1,808	2,186	3,994
Divorced	4,104	5,187	9,291	3,113	3,871	6,984
Widowed	1,161	4,137	5,298	1,061	3,951	5,012
Never married	19,691	16,475	36,166	16,285	13,222	29,507
Total (aged 15+)	52,177	53,408	105,585	45,779	46,742	92,521

Social marital status(a)	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Married (registered)	23,233	23,724	46,957	21,895	22,207	44,102
Married (de facto)	5,036	5,148	10,184	3,387	3,432	6,819
Not married	18,410	20,264	38,674	16,412	17,921	34,333
Total (aged 15+)	46,679	49,136	95,815	41,694	43,560	85,254

(a) This data is derived from analysis of relationships within households in private dwellings and so are on a different basis to the figures reported for registered marital status.

Number of children ever born (a)(b)	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
0	14,180	11,926	2,254
1	6,049	5,140	909
2	12,938	10,510	2,428
3	8,897	7,454	1,443
4	4,351	3,809	542
5	1,774	1,578	196
6 or more	1,641	1,532	109
Not stated	3,301	2,420	881
Total females aged 15+	53,131	44,369	8,762

(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

(b) Refers to live births only.

Family composition (persons)	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
Couple family without children	24,280	20,338	3,942
Couple family with children	67,636	63,211	4,425
One parent family	19,729	17,180	2,549
Other family(a)	1,174	1,076	98
Total members of families	112,819	101,805	11,014

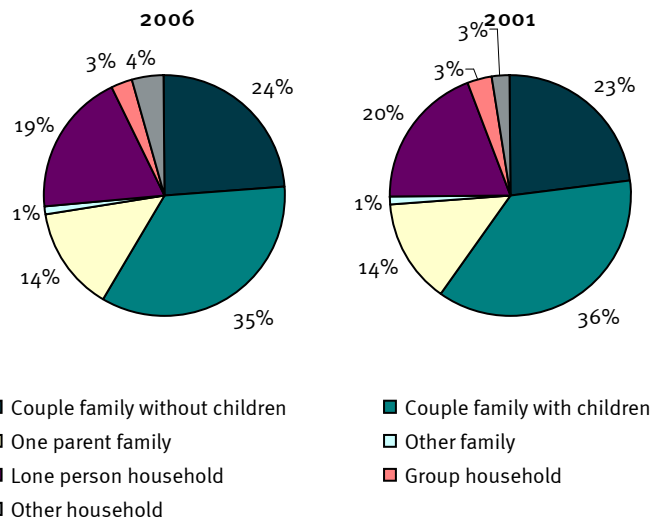
(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

Household composition (households)	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
One family household			
Couple family without children	11,795	9,933	1,862
Couple family with children	16,841	15,687	1,154
One parent family	6,854	5,964	890
Other family(a)	558	518	40
Lone person household	9,559	8,466	1,093
Group household	1,502	1,292	210
Other household	2,001	1,074	927
Total households	49,110	42,934	6,176

(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

- The proportion of females aged 15 or more in 2006 who had never borne children was 26.7% compared to 26.9% in 2001. Those who had borne three or more children fell from 32.4% in 2001 to 31.4% in 2006.
- Despite an increase of 4,425 in the number of persons in families with children, the proportion of persons in couples without children increased from 20.0% to 21.5% over the five years to 2006.
- Between 2001 and 2006 there was an increase of 1,093 (12.9%) lone person households in Ipswich City. One parent families increased by 890 (14.9%) while the number of couples without children increased by 1,862 (18.7%).

Household composition (occupied private dwellings)



Dwelling structure	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
Separate house	45,013	39,204	5,809
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc.	1,662	1,300	362
Flat, unit or apartment	1,925	1,694	231
Other dwelling(a)	451	405	46
Dwelling structure not stated	63	332	-269
Total occupied private dwellings	49,114	42,935	6,179
Unoccupied private dwelling	3,694	3,011	683
Total private dwellings	52,808	45,946	6,862
Non-private dwelling	77	91	-14

(a) Includes caravans, cabins and improvised dwellings.

Tenure (occupied dwellings)	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
Fully owned	13,001	14,393	-1,392
Being purchased	18,303	14,214	4,089
Rented	14,578	12,404	2,174
Other incl. rent-free	177	320	-143
Tenure not stated	3,055	1,608	1,447
Total occupied private dwellings	49,114	42,939	6,175

Explanatory notes

- Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is derived from census usual residence counts, by making three adjustments: (a) an adjustment for persons in Australia at the time of the Census who were not counted; (b) inclusion of an estimated number of Australian residents who were temporarily overseas on Census night, and (c) an adjustment for births, deaths and migration between 30 June and the Census date (8 August 2006).
- 'Family' is defined as two or more persons (at least one aged 15+) related to each other who are usually resident in the same household, even if one or more (but not all) are temporarily absent, whereas a 'household' comprises all usual residents of a private dwelling. Thus a couple where one partner was temporarily away would be classed as a couple family, not as a lone person.
- Where local government area (LGA) boundaries have changed since 2001, the 2006 and 2001 Census data presented here have been estimated by apportioning statistical local area (SLA) level Census data. The apportionment ratios are based on an analysis of collection district (CD) population, dwellings and land parcels.
- Where indigenous LGAs have been established since 2001, no 2001 Census data are available for these areas. Note that the 2001 data for the LGAs from which they were created are not directly comparable to the 2006 Census data for these LGAs. It is not possible to accurately adjust the 2001 data for these 'parent' LGAs to allow for the separation of the indigenous areas.
- Data on persons by family type are presented on a place of enumeration basis, as the family data on a place of usual residence basis exclude individuals temporarily absent on Census night, although they are taken into account in determining family type, and are included in the usual resident population for the area.
- In making comparisons between 2001 and 2006 for individual categories in a classification, the size of the not stated category should be considered, as in some cases the real change may be obscured or distorted. Likewise the exclusion of some categories of households may distort the change in household characteristics or size.

Sources

ABS, *Census of Population and Housing*, 2001 and 2006, published and unpublished data. ABS, *Regional Population Growth*, ABS Cat. No. 3218.0

- Between 2001 and 2006 the number of separate houses rose by 362 while the number of attached dwellings increased by 593.
- As a proportion of occupied private dwellings, attached dwellings rose from 6.5% in 2001 to 6.8% in 2006.
- The proportion of all private dwellings that were vacant increased from 6.6% to 7.0% over the same period.
- The proportion of households renting their home increased from 28.9% in 2001 to 29.7% in 2006, while the proportion of households paying off their home rose from 33.1% to 37.3%. The number of dwellings being purchased increased by 4,089.

The Planning Information and Forecasting Unit (PIFU) provides a comprehensive range of professional products and services in the areas of population, housing trends, projections and urban land supply. Standard and customised products are available. Second release Census data will be incorporated when available (expected early 2008).

Department of **Infrastructure and Planning**
 Planning Information and Forecasting Unit
 PO Box 15009 City East Qld 4002 Australia
tel +61 7 3237 1115 (general enquires)
 +61 7 3237 1200 (data enquires)
fax +61 7 3235 4071
 pifu@dlgpsr.qld.gov.au

www.infrastructure.qld.gov.au/planning

www.abs.gov.au/census

© The State of Queensland, Department of Infrastructure and Planning, 2008. Please note that intellectual property in the data contained in this document provided by the Australian Bureau of Statistics vests in the Commonwealth of Australia. The State of Queensland, acting through the Department of Infrastructure and Planning, supports and encourages the dissemination and exchange of information. However, copyright protects this material. The State of Queensland, acting through the Department of Infrastructure and Planning, asserts the right to be recognised (except where otherwise noted on the material) as the author of this material and the right to have its material remain unaltered. The Australian Bureau of Statistics gives no warranty that the data are free from error, are complete, have particular quality, and are suitable for any purpose or otherwise.