

Census fact sheet

Flinders Shire Council

No. 1, November 2007

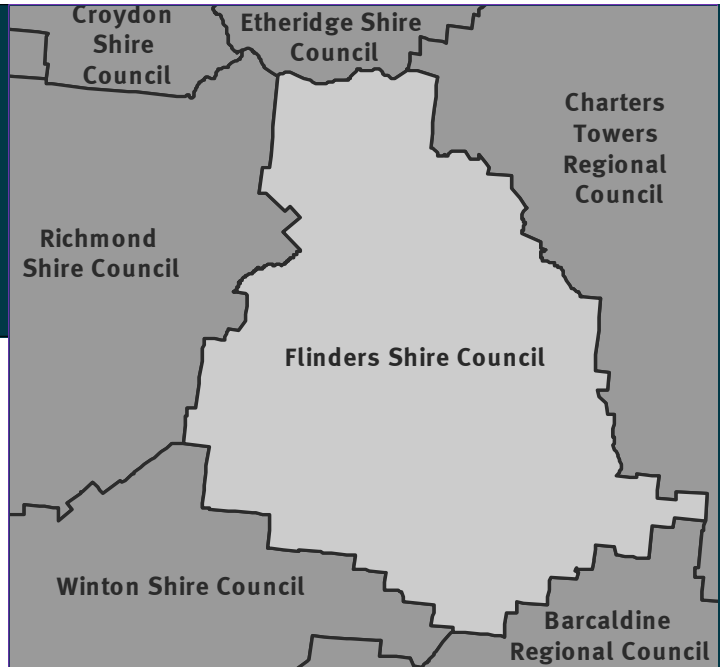
Based on local government boundaries effective March 2008

First release 2006 Census data

Most data from the 2006 Census will be released on a 'place of usual residence' basis – that is, according to where people normally live. For the 2001 Census most data was released on a 'place of enumeration' basis – that is, according to where people were on Census night. However, data on both bases are available from both Census years.



The figures in the table below illustrate the differences between these concepts, and the difference between these and the concept of 'estimated resident population'. For some locations, the number of persons counted at the Census is important because that figure includes visitors. For other areas, or for other purposes, the number of usual residents is a more appropriate measure. In all cases, the estimated resident population (which includes an allowance for persons not counted at the Census) is regarded as the 'official' population (see explanatory notes). Except where indicated, the population data in this fact sheet is based on the place of usual residence, while all dwellings data is based on place of enumeration.



Population summary

	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Total usual residents	924	869	1,793	1,037	992	2,029
Total persons counted at home on Census night(a)	828	813	1,641	940	914	1,854
Overseas visitors counted in area(a)	21	20	41	19	19	38
Total visitors counted in area(a)	202	154	356	207	130	337
Total persons counted in area(a)	1,030	967	1,997	1,147	1,044	2,191
Estimated resident population (30 June)	993	914	1,907	1,078	1,012	2,090

(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

- The median age in Flinders Shire of 36 years was the same as the Queensland median. There is a larger proportion of the population aged under 15 and a smaller proportion aged over 65.
- Household income is \$234 a week lower on average in Flinders Shire, while the median mortgage payment is \$693 a month lower. The median rent is \$128 a week lower compared to Queensland in general.
- The proportion of the population with a severe or profound disability is 2.8% compared with the state average of 4.0%.

Comparisons to Queensland (2006)(a)

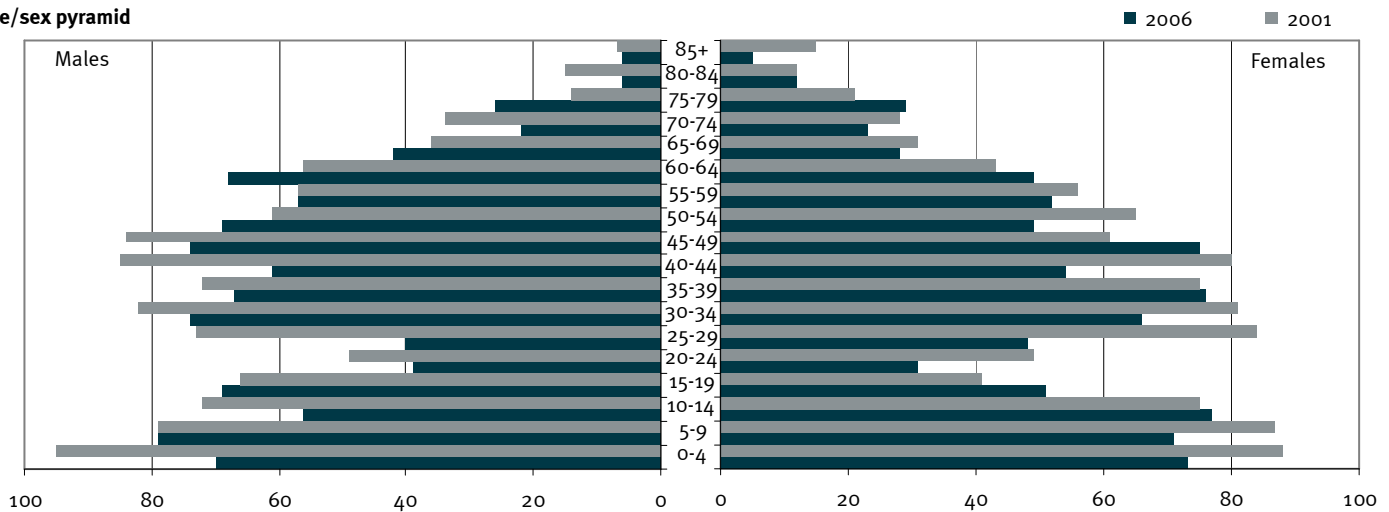
	LGA	QLD
Median age	36	36
% of population aged under 15	23.7%	20.7%
% of population aged 65 and over	11.1%	12.4%
% with profound or severe disability	2.8%	4.0%
Median income (weekly)(b)		
Individual income	\$461	\$476
Family income	\$1,043	\$1,154
Household income	\$799	\$1,033
Median housing loan repayment (monthly)(b)	\$607	\$1,300
Median rent (weekly)(b)	\$72	\$200
Average persons per bedroom	1.1	1.1
Average household size	2.3	2.6

(a) For detailed explanatory notes refer to Australian Bureau of Statistics, Basic Community Profile, Table 2.

(b) Median values derived by PIFU by assuming that persons falling in the median range are distributed equally across \$ values in that range.

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Age/sex pyramid



Age group	2006				2001			
	Males	Females	Persons	%	Males	Females	Persons	%
0-14	205	221	426	23.7	246	250	496	24.4
15-24	108	82	190	10.6	115	90	205	10.1
25-34	114	114	228	12.7	155	165	320	15.8
35-44	128	130	258	14.4	157	155	312	15.4
45-54	143	124	267	14.9	145	126	271	13.4
55-64	125	101	226	12.6	113	99	212	10.4
65-74	64	51	115	6.4	70	59	129	6.4
75-84	32	41	73	4.1	29	33	62	3.1
85+	6	5	11	0.6	7	15	22	1.1
Total	925	869	1,794	100.0	1,037	992	2,029	100.0

- Over the five years to 2006 the number of children aged 0-14 years decreased by 70 (14.1%) and the proportion of these children in the population fell from 24.4% to 23.7%. The population aged 75 and over did not change however grew from 4.1% of the population in 2001 to 4.7% in 2006.
- The number of persons attending an educational institution decreased by 7.2% over the 2001-06 period.
- The proportion of secondary students attending non-government schools declined from 7.6% in 2001 to 0.0% in 2006 and for infant and primary students the proportion in government schools fell from 72.4% to 70.4% over the same period.
- The number of students at TAFE or university decreased by 34.4%.
- In the five years to 2006 the proportion of persons in Flinders Shire who were born in Australia increased from 95.2% to 95.4%. During this period the population who were Australian citizens decreased by 179.
- In 2006 6.4% of persons were counted in non-private dwellings, compared with 6.5% in 2001.

Current education status	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Pre-school	17	16	33	18	14	32
Infants/primary – government	77	82	159	91	103	194
Infants/primary – non government	18	16	34	21	21	42
Infants/primary – total	112	114	226	130	138	268
Secondary – government	37	44	81	39	34	73
Secondary – non government	0	0	0	0	6	6
Secondary – total	37	44	81	39	40	79
Technical or further educational institution	7	7	14	7	9	16
University or other tertiary Institution	0	7	7	4	12	16
Other and not stated	73	65	138	58	69	127
Total attending	246	253	499	256	282	538

Population characteristics	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Birthplace – Australia	825	793	1,618	917	872	1,789
Birthplace – Elsewhere(a)	43	35	78	49	42	91
Language spoken at home – English only	873	827	1,700	970	920	1,890
Language spoken at home – Other language(b)	6	11	17	3	5	8
Indigenous persons	72	74	146	80	93	173
Australian citizens	854	813	1,667	945	901	1,846
Count of persons in occupied private dwellings(c)	931	903	1,834	1,062	986	2,048
Count of persons in other dwellings(c)(d)	80	45	125	85	58	143

(a) Includes responses that could not be coded to a specific country but excludes 'not stated'.

(b) Includes responses that could not be coded to a specific language but excludes 'not stated'.

(c) This data is based on place of enumeration.

(d) Includes persons counted in 'migratory, offshore and shipping' Collection Districts as well as those in non-private dwellings such as hotels and hospitals.

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- From 2001 to 2006 the proportion of persons who had never been married increased from 28.3% to 31.6%.
- Married persons decreased in number by 107, and as a share of total persons declined from 55.3% to 54.2%.
- The number who were separated or divorced decreased by 23.9%.
- The number of persons living in a de facto relationship decreased by 9.9% between 2001 and 2006 compared with a decrease of 12.7% for those living in a registered marriage.
- Social marital status is generally assumed to more closely reflect current living arrangements than do figures for formal registered marital status.

Marital status (registered)	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Married (excl. de facto)	377	366	743	429	421	850
Separated	19	19	38	21	30	51
Divorced	56	30	86	59	53	112
Widowed	12	58	70	19	70	89
Never married	257	176	433	258	177	435
Total (aged 15+)	721	649	1,370	786	751	1,537

Social marital status(a)	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Married (registered)	321	326	647	365	376	741
Married (de facto)	58	69	127	65	76	141
Not married	223	191	414	246	195	441
Total (aged 15+)	602	586	1,188	676	647	1,323

(a) This data is derived from analysis of relationships within households in private dwellings and so are on a different basis to the figures reported for registered marital status.

Number of children ever born (a)(b)	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
0	140	159	-19
1	62	55	7
2	191	171	20
3	165	155	10
4	79	97	-18
5	33	31	2
6 or more	19	45	-26
Not stated	41	59	-18
Total females aged 15+	730	772	-42

(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.
(b) Refers to live births only.

Family composition (persons)	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
Couple family without children	369	406	-37
Couple family with children	799	948	-149
One parent family	162	182	-20
Other family(a)	14	17	-3
Total members of families	1,344	1,553	-209

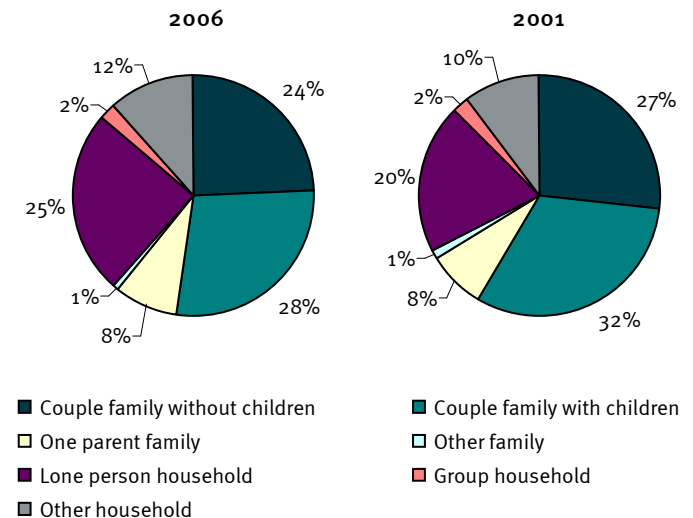
(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

Household composition (households)	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
One family household			
Couple family without children	189	216	-27
Couple family with children	215	253	-38
One parent family	65	63	2
Other family(a)	6	8	-2
Lone person household	191	163	28
Group household	16	19	-3
Other household	91	82	9
Total households	773	804	-31

(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

- The proportion of females aged 15 or more in 2006 who had never borne children was 19.2% compared to 20.6% in 2001. Those who had borne three or more children fell from 42.5% in 2001 to 40.5% in 2006.
- Over the five years to 2006 there was a decrease of 149 in the number of persons in families with children, while the proportion of persons in couples without children increased from 26.1% to 27.5%.
- Between 2001 and 2006 there was an increase of 28 (17.2%) lone person households in Flinders Shire. One parent families increased by 2 (3.2%) while the number of couples without children decreased by 27 (12.5%).

Household composition (occupied private dwellings)



Dwelling structure			Change
	2006	2001	2001-2006
Separate house	687	711	-24
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc.	0	0	0
Flat, unit or apartment	13	26	-13
Other dwelling(a)	72	67	5
Dwelling structure not stated	0	0	0
Total occupied private dwellings	772	804	-32
Unoccupied private dwelling	179	201	-22
Total private dwellings	951	1,005	-54
Non-private dwelling	15	16	-1

(a) Includes caravans, cabins and improvised dwellings.

Tenure (occupied dwellings)			Change
	2006	2001	2001-2006
Fully owned	323	402	-79
Being purchased	129	92	37
Rented	250	248	2
Other incl. rent-free	14	9	5
Tenure not stated	56	50	6
Total occupied private dwellings	772	801	-29

Explanatory notes

- Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is derived from census usual residence counts, by making three adjustments: (a) an adjustment for persons in Australia at the time of the Census who were not counted; (b) inclusion of an estimated number of Australian residents who were temporarily overseas on Census night, and (c) an adjustment for births, deaths and migration between 30 June and the Census date (8 August 2006).
- 'Family' is defined as two or more persons (at least one aged 15+) related to each other who are usually resident in the same household, even if one or more (but not all) are temporarily absent, whereas a 'household' comprises all usual residents of a private dwelling. Thus a couple where one partner was temporarily away would be classed as a couple family, not as a lone person.
- Where local government area (LGA) boundaries have changed since 2001, the 2006 and 2001 Census data presented here have been estimated by apportioning statistical local area (SLA) level Census data. The apportionment ratios are based on an analysis of collection district (CD) population, dwellings and land parcels.
- Where indigenous LGAs have been established since 2001, no 2001 Census data are available for these areas. Note that the 2001 data for the LGAs from which they were created are not directly comparable to the 2006 Census data for these LGAs. It is not possible to accurately adjust the 2001 data for these 'parent' LGAs to allow for the separation of the indigenous areas.
- Data on persons by family type are presented on a place of enumeration basis, as the family data on a place of usual residence basis exclude individuals temporarily absent on Census night, although they are taken into account in determining family type, and are included in the usual resident population for the area.
- In making comparisons between 2001 and 2006 for individual categories in a classification, the size of the not stated category should be considered, as in some cases the real change may be obscured or distorted. Likewise the exclusion of some categories of households may distort the change in household characteristics or size.

Sources

ABS, *Census of Population and Housing*, 2001 and 2006, published and unpublished data. ABS, *Regional Population Growth*, ABS Cat. No. 3218.0

- Between 2001 and 2006 the number of separate houses remained unchanged while the number of attached dwellings decreased by 13.
- As a proportion of occupied private dwellings, attached dwellings fell from 2.6% in 2001 to 1.4% in 2006.
- The proportion of all private dwellings that were vacant declined from 20.0% to 18.8% over the same period.
- The proportion of households renting their home increased from 31.0% in 2001 to 32.4% in 2006, while the proportion of households paying off their home rose from 11.5% to 16.7%. The number of dwellings being purchased increased by 37.

The Planning Information and Forecasting Unit (PIFU) provides a comprehensive range of professional products and services in the areas of population, housing trends, projections and urban land supply. Standard and customised products are available. Second release Census data will be incorporated when available (expected early 2008).

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