

Census fact sheet

Aurukun Shire Council

No. 1, November 2007

Based on local government boundaries effective March 2008

First release 2006 Census data

Most data from the 2006 Census will be released on a 'place of usual residence' basis – that is, according to where people normally live. For the 2001 Census most data was released on a 'place of enumeration' basis – that is, according to where people were on Census night. However, data on both bases are available from both Census years.



The figures in the table below illustrate the differences between these concepts, and the difference between these and the concept of 'estimated resident population'. For some locations, the number of persons counted at the Census is important because that figure includes visitors. For other areas, or for other purposes, the number of usual residents is a more appropriate measure. In all cases, the estimated resident population (which includes an allowance for persons not counted at the Census) is regarded as the 'official' population (see explanatory notes). Except where indicated, the population data in this fact sheet is based on the place of usual residence, while all dwellings data is based on place of enumeration.

Population summary

	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Total usual residents	504	539	1,043	522	514	1,036
Total persons counted at home on Census night(a)	498	527	1,025	468	491	959
Overseas visitors counted in area(a)	3	0	3	0	0	0
Total visitors counted in area(a)	34	30	64	53	20	73
Total persons counted in area(a)	532	557	1,089	521	511	1,032
Estimated resident population (30 June)	556	582	1,138	556	539	1,095

(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

- The median age in Aurukun Shire of 26 years was lower than the Queensland median. There is a larger proportion of the population aged under 15 and a smaller proportion aged over 65.
- Household income is \$118 a week lower on average in Aurukun Shire, while the median mortgage payment is \$1300 a month lower. The median rent is \$200 a week lower compared to Queensland in general.
- The proportion of the population with a severe or profound disability is 1.7% compared with the state average of 4.0%.

Comparisons to Queensland (2006)(a)

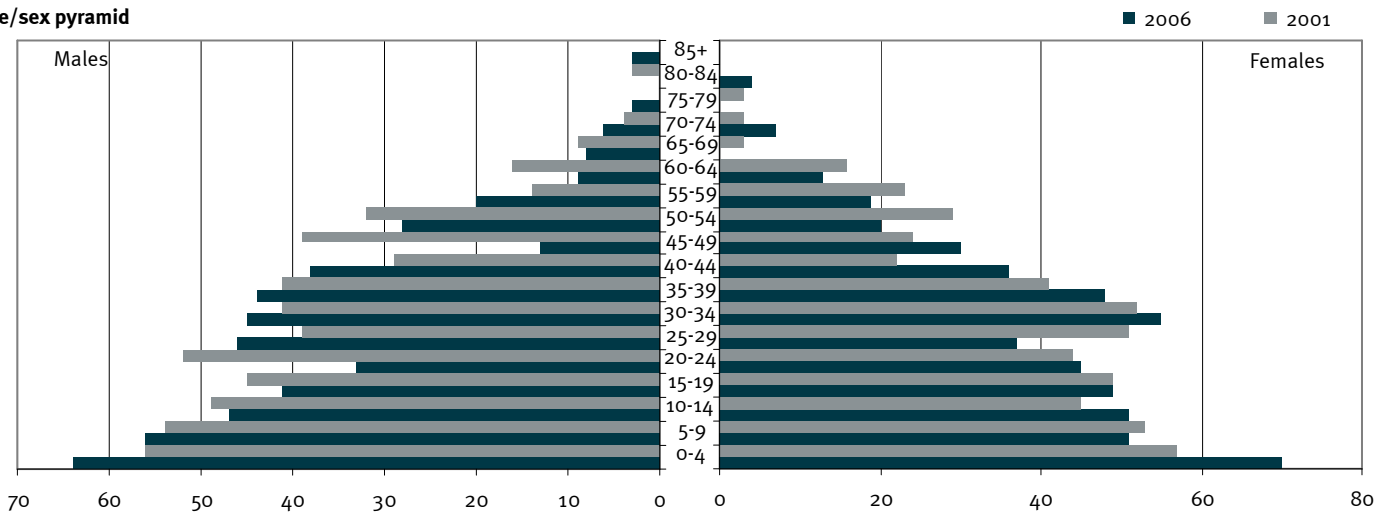
	LGA	QLD
Median age	26	36
% of population aged under 15	32.6%	20.7%
% of population aged 65 and over	3.0%	12.4%
% with profound or severe disability	1.7%	4.0%
Median income (weekly)(b)		
Individual income	\$218	\$476
Family income	\$530	\$1,154
Household income	\$915	\$1,033
Median housing loan repayment (monthly)(b)	\$0	\$1,300
Median rent (weekly)(b)	\$0	\$200
Average persons per bedroom	1.9	1.1
Average household size	5.7	2.6

(a) For detailed explanatory notes refer to Australian Bureau of Statistics, Basic Community Profile, Table 2.

(b) Median values derived by PIFU by assuming that persons falling in the median range are distributed equally across \$ values in that range.

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Age/sex pyramid



Age group	2006				2001			
	Males	Females	Persons	%	Males	Females	Persons	%
0-14	167	172	339	32.6	159	155	314	30.3
15-24	74	94	168	16.2	97	93	190	18.3
25-34	91	92	183	17.6	80	103	183	17.6
35-44	82	84	166	16.0	70	63	133	12.8
45-54	41	50	91	8.8	71	53	124	11.9
55-64	29	32	61	5.9	30	39	69	6.6
65-74	14	7	21	2.0	13	6	19	1.8
75-84	3	4	7	0.7	3	3	6	0.6
85+	3	0	3	0.3	0	0	0	0.0
Total	504	535	1,039	100.0	523	515	1,038	100.0

Current education status	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Pre-school	6	3	9	7	8	15
Infants/primary – government	38	52	90	71	66	137
Infants/primary – non government	0	0	0	0	0	0
Infants/primary – total	44	55	99	78	74	152
Secondary – government	10	6	16	16	14	30
Secondary – non government	0	0	0	0	6	6
Secondary – total	10	6	16	16	20	36
Technical or further educational institution	0	0	0	6	6	12
University or other tertiary Institution	0	0	0	3	3	6
Other and not stated	65	50	115	45	43	88
Total attending	125	114	239	155	154	309

Population characteristics	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Birthplace – Australia	507	537	1,044	493	489	982
Birthplace – Elsewhere(a)	0	0	0	11	15	26
Language spoken at home – English only	64	65	129	77	48	125
Language spoken at home – Other language(b)	422	455	877	422	446	868
Indigenous persons	464	491	955	459	459	918
Australian citizens	508	538	1,046	497	496	993
Count of persons in occupied private dwellings(c)	524	551	1,075	503	510	1,013
Count of persons in other dwellings(c)(d)	7	4	11	18	0	18

(a) Includes responses that could not be coded to a specific country but excludes 'not stated'.

(b) Includes responses that could not be coded to a specific language but excludes 'not stated'.

(c) This data is based on place of enumeration.

(d) Includes persons counted in 'migratory, offshore and shipping' Collection Districts as well as those in non-private dwellings such as hotels and hospitals.

- Over the five years to 2006 the number of children aged 0-14 years increased by 25 (8%) and the proportion of these children in the population increased from 30.3% to 32.6%. The population aged 75 and over increased by 4 (66.7%) and grew from 0.6% of the population in 2001 to 1.0% in 2006.
- The number of persons attending an educational institution decreased by 22.7% over the 2001-06 period.
- The proportion of secondary students attending non-government schools declined from 16.7% in 2001 to 0.0% in 2006 while for infant and primary students the proportion in government schools increased from 90.1% to 90.9% over the same period.
- The number of students at TAFE or university decreased by 100.0%.
- In the five years to 2006 the proportion of persons in Aurukun Shire who were born in Australia increased from 97.4% to 100.0%. During this period the population who were Australian citizens increased by 53.
- In 2006 1.0% of persons were counted in non-private dwellings, compared with 1.7% in 2001.

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- From 2001 to 2006 the proportion of persons who had never been married increased from 59.5% to 87.2%.
- Married persons decreased in number by 196, and as a share of total persons declined from 33.2% to 6.1%.
- The number who were separated or divorced decreased by 29.2%.
- The number of persons living in a de facto relationship increased by 78.0% between 2001 and 2006 compared with a decrease of 72.8% for those living in a registered marriage.
- Social marital status is generally assumed to more closely reflect current living arrangements than do figures for formal registered marital status.

Marital status (registered)

	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Married (excl. de facto)	22	21	43	118	121	239
Separated	3	7	10	6	0	6
Divorced	0	7	7	9	9	18
Widowed	9	21	30	10	18	28
Never married	300	315	615	218	210	428
Total (aged 15+)	334	371	705	361	358	719

Social marital status(a)

	2006			2001		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Married (registered)	15	16	31	58	56	114
Married (de facto)	112	114	226	66	61	127
Not married	199	226	425	189	211	400
Total (aged 15+)	326	356	682	313	328	641

(a) This data is derived from analysis of relationships within households in private dwellings and so are on a different basis to the figures reported for registered marital status.

Number of children ever born (a)(b)

	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
0	103	44	59
1	57	42	15
2	54	54	0
3	46	44	2
4	32	14	18
5	21	3	18
6 or more	29	23	6
Not stated	33	26	7
Total females aged 15+	375	250	125

(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

(b) Refers to live births only.

Family composition (persons)

	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
Couple family without children	88	104	-16
Couple family with children	488	421	67
One parent family	390	352	38
Other family(a)	24	26	-2
Total members of families	990	903	87

(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

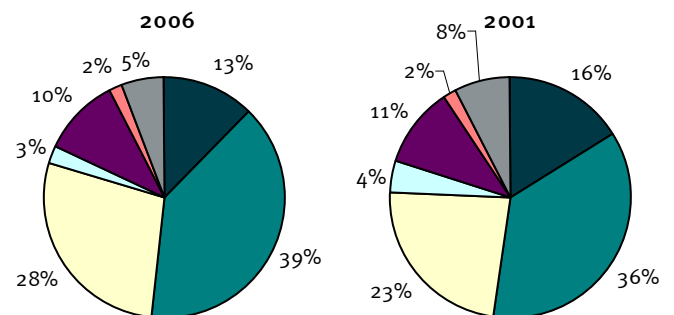
Household composition (households)

	2006	2001	Change 2001-2006
One family household			
Couple family without children	23	28	-5
Couple family with children	72	62	10
One parent family	51	40	11
Other family(a)	5	7	-2
Lone person household	19	19	0
Group household	4	3	1
Other household	10	13	-3
Total households	184	172	12

(a) This data is based on place of enumeration.

- The proportion of females aged 15 or more in 2006 who had never borne children was 27.5% compared to 17.6% in 2001. Those who had borne three or more children increased from 33.6% in 2001 to 34.1% in 2006.
- Over the five years to 2006 there was an increase of 67 in the number of persons in families with children, while the proportion of persons in couples without children decreased from 11.5% to 8.9%.
- Between 2001 and 2006 there was no change in the number of lone person households in Aurukun Shire. One parent families increased by 11 (27.5%) while the number of couples without children decreased by 5 (17.9%).

Household composition (occupied private dwellings)



- Couple family without children
- Couple family with children
- One parent family
- Other family
- Lone person household
- Group household
- Other household

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Dwelling structure			Change
	2006	2001	2001-2006
Separate house	177	136	41
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc.	0	0	0
Flat, unit or apartment	0	0	0
Other dwelling(a)	8	20	-12
Dwelling structure not stated	0	16	-16
Total occupied private dwellings	185	172	13
Unoccupied private dwelling	47	60	-13
Total private dwellings	232	232	0
Non-private dwelling	3	6	-3

(a) Includes caravans, cabins and improvised dwellings.

Tenure (occupied dwellings)			Change
	2006	2001	2001-2006
Fully owned	0	1	-1
Being purchased	0	0	0
Rented	112	148	-36
Other incl. rent-free	59	2	57
Tenure not stated	12	27	-15
Total occupied private dwellings	183	178	5

Explanatory notes

- Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is derived from census usual residence counts, by making three adjustments: (a) an adjustment for persons in Australia at the time of the Census who were not counted; (b) inclusion of an estimated number of Australian residents who were temporarily overseas on Census night, and (c) an adjustment for births, deaths and migration between 30 June and the Census date (8 August 2006).
- 'Family' is defined as two or more persons (at least one aged 15+) related to each other who are usually resident in the same household, even if one or more (but not all) are temporarily absent, whereas a 'household' comprises all usual residents of a private dwelling. Thus a couple where one partner was temporarily away would be classed as a couple family, not as a lone person.
- Where local government area (LGA) boundaries have changed since 2001, the 2006 and 2001 Census data presented here have been estimated by apportioning statistical local area (SLA) level Census data. The apportionment ratios are based on an analysis of collection district (CD) population, dwellings and land parcels.
- Where indigenous LGAs have been established since 2001, no 2001 Census data are available for these areas. Note that the 2001 data for the LGAs from which they were created are not directly comparable to the 2006 Census data for these LGAs. It is not possible to accurately adjust the 2001 data for these 'parent' LGAs to allow for the separation of the indigenous areas.
- Data on persons by family type are presented on a place of enumeration basis, as the family data on a place of usual residence basis exclude individuals temporarily absent on Census night, although they are taken into account in determining family type, and are included in the usual resident population for the area.
- In making comparisons between 2001 and 2006 for individual categories in a classification, the size of the not stated category should be considered, as in some cases the real change may be obscured or distorted. Likewise the exclusion of some categories of households may distort the change in household characteristics or size.

Sources

ABS, *Census of Population and Housing*, 2001 and 2006, published and unpublished data. ABS, *Regional Population Growth*, ABS Cat. No. 3218.0

- Between 2001 and 2006 the number of separate houses and number of attached dwellings remained unchanged.
- As a proportion of occupied private dwellings, attached dwellings remained at 0.0% over the five years to 2006.
- The proportion of all private dwellings that were vacant declined from 25.9% to 20.3% over the same period.
- The proportion of households renting their home decreased from 83.1% in 2001 to 61.2% in 2006 and there were no dwellings being purchased.

The Planning Information and Forecasting Unit (PIFU) provides a comprehensive range of professional products and services in the areas of population, housing trends, projections and urban land supply. Standard and customised products are available. Second release Census data will be incorporated when available (expected early 2008).

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